Tritium & Water Dating Laboratory Price List

Parameter	Methods used & detection limit	Price (per sample) \$NZD	Sample size	Turnaround
Tritium	Radiometric detection. Electrolytic enrichment + low level scintillation detectors.	\$890	1 Litre	5 months
	TR = 0.02-0.03,Bq/kg = 0.004-0.005			
SF6 (Includes Halon-1301 analysis)	Gas Chromatography with Electron Capture Detection.	\$435	1 Litre	2-5 months
	Must use GNS supplied bottles.			
CFCs (Includes duplicate measurement of CFC-11, CFC-12 and CFC-113)	Gas Chromatography with Electron Capture Detection (Ar & N2 are also determined).	\$435	150ml	2-5 months
	Must use GNS supplied bottles.			
Assessment of groundwater security (Includes tritium, CFCs, SF ₆ and interpretation)	Must use GNS supplied bottles.	\$3,285 (for a report)		6 months
Radon	Radiometric detection. Low level scintillation detectors.	\$110	25ml	1-2 weeks
	Bq/L = 0.1			
δ ¹⁸ Ο	IRMS or Laser	\$90	5ml	4-6 weeks
δ²H	IRMS or Laser	\$90	5ml	4-6 weeks
δ18Ο & δ2Η	IRMS or Laser	\$150	5ml	4-6 weeks
Radiocarbon	AMS	\$910	250ml - 500ml	10-14 weeks
	Variable pricing dependent on no. of samples submitted			
Excess-N ₂ via measurement of Ne/Ar/N ₂	GC-TCD and Plasma Emission Detector	\$600	500 ml evacuated flasks	1-2 months
	mg/L =~1			
	Must use GNS supplied flasks.			
Excess-N₂ via measurement of all noble gases by QMS	Quadrupole Mass Spectrometry	ТВС		
	mg/L =~0.2			
	In Development (exp. 2024)			
Additional fees (per sample)				
Extra distillation of samples for Tritium analysis	Waters which require excessive work for purification	\$90		

Prices can vary depending on the sample size and interpretation required. We would be happy to work with you to build a project plan and pricing structure to suit your requirements. The laboratory analysis prices quoted above will provide you with the concentration of each tracer in the sample. Costs for interpretation and reporting are additional, please contact us. Prices are exclusive of import inspection fees, local taxes, withholding taxes and New Zealand GST that may be applicable. All prices are quoted in NZ dollars and may be reviewed at any time.

Interpretation of groundwater ages

Most groundwaters are mixtures of water with different ages because of the nature of flow in porous media. The age distribution depends on the hydrogeologic attributes of the aquifer concerned, as well as characteristics of the sampling point such as bore depth and screen length. Well-defined flow models, which describe the distribution of ages of water from different flow lines contributing to a groundwater sample, are used to calculate the mean age and mixing parameters.

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